

CHINA AND JAPAN NOW IMMINENT

Little Threatens Use Military
China Unlikely to
Complied With

ASKS LAND CONCESSIONS

Chinese Fear Violation of the
Nation's Integrity Is Back
of Scheme

PEKIN, Feb. 7.—Military action to enforce its demands upon China has been threatened by the Japanese government, according to a cable message from the Chinese minister at Tokio. It is believed in official circles here, however, that the communication should not be taken too seriously.

Both public men and newspapers are urging President Yuan Shi Kai to let Japan seize by force what she wishes, as China would be unable to oppose her, but refuse to grant humiliating concessions. It is reported that President Yuan Shi Kai intends to meet some of the demands, granting Japan such concessions as would be given to any other country, but stubbornly resisting any transgression of China's sovereign rights. The government is observing Japan's requirements that secrecy be maintained in conducting negotiations, as it is desired to give Japan every opportunity of moderating her demands without losing prestige.

FRENCH WARFARE IS RULF IN THE WEST

British Drive Germans Out in
Pierce Hand-to-Hand
Encounters

LONDON, Feb. 7.—A graphic description of the trench warfare which has prevailed on the western front for many weeks is given by the British "eye-witness" in his description of German attacks on British lines and British counter-attacks which were made last Monday. He says:

"The Germans again attacked south of La Baie canal, but not in such strength as on previous occasions. Fighting began in the early hours of the morning with an assault on a small trench close to the canal. This was successful, two local counter-attacks carried out by us failing to regain the ground lost.

"When daylight came, however, our artillery opened such an accurate fire on the enemy that their position became untenable. A strong counter-attack then was delivered and our men, pushing forward, not only drove the Germans from the trench they had captured but seized their post on the enemy's side of it on an embankment of the canal. There were a succession of German posts of this embankment and we had now established ourselves in one of them.

"Our supports then came up and passing through our firing lines, holding the first of the enemy's position, rushed on for the second, driving out the garrison at the point of the bayonet. Then our men were enabled to take in the flank one of the enemy's trenches to the south. Along this they fought their way, throwing hand grenades until they had dislodged the Germans on a considerable length. We thus established ourselves firmly in an advantageous position on the canal bank and in adjoining trenches. During this action we captured 14 prisoners, many wounded and two machine guns. Our losses were not heavy, but the enemy suffered heavily, especially from our artillery fire.

"Speaking of three singularly gallant but unsuccessful attacks on the French south of the Bethune road, the 'eye-witness' says the Germans attacked the French trenches and there they fought a desperate battle. The British counted in front of the French line. It was reported that not more than two or three of them were left.

PEACE MEETING TURNS OUT TO BE A GERMAN RALLY

Neutrality League in Chicago
Fails to Observe Its Own
Rules at Session

SWEDEN REFUSES TO SPEAK

Irishman Denounces England,
Praises Germany and Reps
the United States

CHICAGO, Feb. 7.—J. J. O'Leary, of New York, president of the American Truth society, denounced England, pleaded for Germany, and ridiculed the United States at a mass meeting here today under the auspices of the American Neutrality league. The avowed purpose of the meeting was the promotion of peace, and a large crowd attended, a great percentage of the audience being German.

"I believe it was right in the hall that William J. Bryan, our gifted secretary of state, proclaimed that the Republican party was trying to crucify the people of this country upon a cross of gold," Mr. O'Leary said. "He is now trying to crucify the fatherland of more than 25,000,000 of our people upon a cross of British gold."

There was fussing at the mention of Mr. Bryan's name and the chairman of the meeting arose and declared he would leave the platform unless neutrality were preserved.

Sweden Refuses to Speak.

Gustavus Schvan, a Swedish lecturer, who was to have been one of the chief speakers, told the audience he had sat in shame listening to the inflammatory speeches. He was not in sympathy with the spirit shown, he said, and would not have come to the meeting had he foreseen the character it was to assume.

Frank Buchanan, a labor leader, was met with hoots and catcalls when he defended the sincerity of purpose of Mr. Bryan.

"While I may not agree with the secretary of state," he said, "I do believe in his sincerity in his work for peace and I believe he will be able to do some work that will be valuable. You are not going to make progress by appealing to prejudice."

The Rev. Jenkin Lloyd Jones, pastor of St. Paul's church, who had been asked to act as chairman, arrived half an hour late. When he reached the coliseum, he found the sidewalk lined by men selling banners bearing pictures of the German emperor, the German eagle and the inscription "Deutschland über alles."

O'Leary was speaking amid applause when Dr. Jones entered the hall. German banners hung from the galleries and the banners of German societies, numbering 150, decorated the space about the speaker. American flags were out-numbered.

Asks Place for Allies' Flag.

Dr. Jones pleaded for a place for the allies' flag. "Where is the flag of England?" he demanded. "Why is the French flag not there? Where is the Russian flag?"

"But there all there I say. If this meeting and mind you my attitude would be the same if it were pro-British and anti-German—I have no place here and respectfully beg leave to withdraw."

S. NICHOLS, PIONEER, DIES IN COLORADO CITY

Death of Well Known Citizen Occurs
After Short Illness; Funeral Arrangements Not Made

S. Nichols, 52 years old, a pioneer resident of the Pike's Peak region, died last night at his home, 115 Colorado avenue. Mr. Nichols was born in 1862 and came to Colorado City 25 years ago. For the last 25 years he had been agent for the Denver & Rio Grande railroad in Colorado City. He had been connected with the Colorado City school board for the last 20 years and had been its president for at least half of that time. Mr. Nichols was prominent in the Knights of Pythias and at the head of several departments in the Methodist church.

Mr. Nichols was taken seriously ill with kidney trouble about two weeks ago and since that time had grown steadily worse. He is survived by his wife and two daughters, the Mrs. H. W. L. of Denver, and Miss G. W. of Colorado City, and two brothers, Fred and Lewis, both of whom are living at Winfield, Ind.

His funeral in this city will be held in Colorado City and in speaking of Mr. Nichols, the Rev. G. H. Stuntz, pastor of the M. E. church, said that "He had all good things and was respected and loved by all the citizens of Colorado City."

Funeral arrangements will be announced later.

Remarkable Picture of Germans in Charge on French



HOUSE HOPELESSLY DEADLOCKED ON BILL

Republicans Cause Democrats
Much Worry on Legis-
lative Program

WASHINGTON, Feb. 7.—With 21 working days left in the life of the Sixty-third congress, the fate of the government ship purchase bill, which is obstructing the progress in the senate, still remains uncertain.

Whether it will be held before the senate until passed or the gavel signals the end of the session on March 4, to the exclusion of appropriation bills, must be determined by the president and administration leaders. It is likely that the president will discuss the situation tomorrow with senators who have been fighting valiantly for the bill through the last week of party rebellion.

The Republican senators propose to fight the bill with all their oratorical resources as long as it is kept the unfinished business. If it is determined that an effort should be made to pass the appropriation bills and thus avoid the ship purchase bill, in the opinion of some of its staunchest friends, must be withdrawn.

Clarke Motion Pending.

The immediate situation is the pending motion of Senator Clarke of Arkansas to recommit the ship purchase bill without instructions, and administration forces probably will let it reach a vote in which they expect to lose, with the roll call showing 46 votes in its favor to 47 against it. Then on Tuesday would come, if it is planned, a motion by Senator Gore to discharge the commerce committee from consideration of a substitute ship purchase bill introduced by him last week. This motion will be debatable and will operate to force the Republicans to fight it. They may talk on this motion until March 4. If they choose, or let it come to a vote.

With the aid of progressive Republicans, the administration forces are confident they can carry the Gore motion. This would result in bringing the substitute bill back to the senate and forcing the opposition to resume its defensive fight.

Today the house met to enlarge the late Representatives Serrano, E. Payne and Edward A. Merritt of New York. Speaker Clark, Minority Leader Mann and members of the New York delegation paid tribute to both Mr. Payne, Speaker Clark said, knew more about the tariff than any men in America.

GERMANY PROUD OF HER FLEET

COMPARES ONE TO FOUR
WITH ALLIES

Admiralty Will Take No Long
Chances, Preferring to
Await Opportunity

BERLIN (via London), Feb. 7.—Grand Admiral von Koester, president of the German navy league, in an address at Kiel university today, discussed the conscription law governing the part that is to be played by the German navy in the present war. He declared that the relative strength of the German fleet compared to the Anglo-French-Russian fleet is perhaps one to four. The British, he added, perhaps estimated German lust for battle so highly that they had said to themselves, "some day they will come and we shall be able to assume battle in a situation favorable to us."

Another possibility, Admiral von Koester declared, was that the British have a higher regard for the German fleet than Nelson had for the French or the Spanish. "That the offensive spirit of the Germans is greater than that of the British," the admiral continued, "can justly be assumed when one recalls that the Germans took an offensive against England's east coast, whereas the English have not dared to approach the German coast."

"We are full of the firmest confidence in our fleet," said Admiral von Koester, "but we know that a sea battle means death or victory and that a destroyed fleet cannot be replaced in the course of the war, even if it lasts for years. We must, therefore, under all conditions be cautious in our procedure and allow ourselves to be incited to no deed which might eventuate in our defeat."

Fleet Not to Be Sacrificed.

"Our fleet must protect us under all conditions and may accept battle only when it can reckon on victory," Admiral von Koester declared that the course of the naval war up to the present had caused him great surprise. He added that the British secretary of state for the navy seven years ago declared that Germany would wake up some morning and find her fleet gone. He also recalled the utterance of Winston Spencer Churchill, first lord of the British admiralty, in a speech at London last September, in which the German fleet was designated as a "luxury" and in which he said that if the warships did not come out and fight they would be "dug out like rats in a hole."

"After these sayings," Admiral von Koester declared, "one expected other things from the British fleet than it has accomplished. I am almost tempted to believe that the spirit of Nelson no longer lives in it."

In conclusion the admiral said the fact that Admiral Fisher, the British first sea lord, had been punished by the British government for the invasion of the Italian consulate in Hodeida and the removal of the British consul who had taken refuge there.

The admiral said today that he had received the Italian flag to the British consul in Hodeida today. The British consul, George Alexander Richardson, was present at the ceremony, but left the city immediately afterward on a British auxiliary cruiser. The incident is now closed.

POPE PRAYS GREAT CONFLICT MAY END

60,000 Gather in St. Peters to
Unite in Supplication to
King of Peace

ROME, Feb. 7.—There was an impressive scene in St. Peter's today when Pope Benedict intoned his prayer for peace.

The great edifice was thronged with worshippers when the pontiff, surrounded by 22 cardinals, mounted to the papal altar. Standing between the pope, holding a golden spiral censer, were the kneeling multitude, whose voices echoed throughout the great temple. The prayer was to the "God of all mercies, king of peace."

The pope on arriving and departing was accorded an ovation. As he was leaving after the ceremony there were many cries of "long live the pope" and "give us peace."

Despite the downpour of rain, at 3 o'clock this afternoon all the bells of the 400 churches in Rome pealed out calling the people to services to implore the cessation of the war and the establishment of peace. More than 60,000 persons gathered in St. Peter's.

The immense basilica appeared more usual on such occasions, there being no decorations except the numerous candles with their flickering flames on the papal altar under the colossal dome where the pope alone says mass.

Before the altar stood the great bald eagle which is approached by five steps from which the pope prayed. Special places had been reserved for the members of the sacred college, the patriarchs, archbishops, bishops and diplomats, members of the aristocracy and of the papal courts and representatives of all the religious institutions.

Prayer Read in France.

PARIS, Feb. 7.—The prayer for peace of Pope Benedict was read in all the churches of France today without special incident. The congregations everywhere were unusually large. In view of the misunderstanding which led to the recent seizure by the police of the department of the Seine of periodicals containing the text of the prayer, the priests officiating at the services today gave brief explanations of the motives of the pope in issuing the prayer. Cardinal Amette, presiding over the ceremony in Notre Dame cathedral, said: "The pope is asking us to pray for peace and the ending of the war, which is plunging the whole of Europe into blood, means that your prayers should implore a lasting peace."

ALLIED WARSHIPS RAIN SHELLS UPON TURKISH FORTS OF DARDANELLES

Two Ammunition Depots Said Set
on Fire by the French and
British Vessels

German and Russian Emperors Witness Terrible
Slaughter on Polish Front; Another Great Battle
Developing in East Prussia; Fighting in Western
Field Still at Standstill

Engagements of a minor nature in the western war zone and a continuation of the extended battles in Poland and the Carpathians comprise the meager news contained in the official statements regarding the conditions at the various battle fronts.

Emperor William has visited a company of the Silesian landwehr, while the Russian emperor is also engaged in encouraging his troops by his presence in the field.

Vienna reports the retreat of the Russians in Bukovina, where the Austrians have succeeded in taking 1,200 prisoners and occupying Kimpoling in the south.

The Dardanelles forts, according to information from Athens, have been bombarded by the allied British and French warships. Two ammunition depots are said to have been set on fire.

Why U. S. Flag Was Used.

The British foreign office, in a statement bearing on the flying of the American flag by the Cunard liner Lusitania, although it does not mention this incident, declares that the use of a neutral flag is, within certain limitations, well established in practice. The British government maintains that as it has not objected to foreign merchant vessels using the British flag as a ruse for evading capture at sea, a neutral vessel is entitled to assume neutral colors for a similar purpose.

The Turkish authorities in Hodeida, Arabia, have seized the flag over the Italian consulate and thereby ended the incident caused by the removal of the British consul from the consulate.

The Montenegrin consul general in London reports that complete anarchy reigns in Albania. He states that Albanian bands are murdering and pillaging Montenegrin subjects and that all merchandise along the river Bojanna is confiscated and held for enormous ransom.

Spain Buys Arms in America.

Spain has sent to the United States two representatives to purchase arms and soon also will buy several aeroplanes in America.

The German vice chancellor informs the Associated Press that Germany will not use for the army or the German administration any grain imported from the United States.

The Chinese minister at Tokio reports to Peking that Japan has threatened military action to enforce its demands upon China. The Chinese president, it is said, will grant some of the demands but will resist transgression of China's sovereign right.

Grand Admiral von Koester, president of the German Navy league, addressing the students at Kiel university, intimated that the German navy had no intention of giving battle in force to the allied fleets. "Our fleet must protect us under all conditions," said the admiral, "and we may accept battle only when we can reckon on victory."

With regard to all this fighting the German official report simply says: "No essential events have taken place."

The fighting in the west is merely a repetition of that of the preceding days. There have been lively artillery duels and a few infantry attacks in which both sides claim to have gained some ground.

No further fighting in Egypt is reported. The Turkish account of that which has already occurred there refers to it as an encounter of vanguards and adds that the battles are still in progress. This probably is a delayed announcement.

The Italian report of the return of Baron Buriat, the Austro-Hungarian foreign minister, from his visit to the German emperor says that the Austrian cabinet found the results satisfactory but were not inclined to give Trentino to Italy, and part of Transylvania to Rumania as the price of continued neutrality on the part of these countries.

Goeben Beyond Repair.

English refugees from Constantinople declare that the former German cruiser Goeben, now owned by Turkey, was badly damaged by striking a Turkish mine that it will be impossible to repair her at Constantinople. This virtual loss of the services of the Goeben reduces the Turkish fleet to a state of inferiority as compared with the Russian Black sea fleet, which is about to be strengthened by a new dreadnought constructed at Sebastopol. It is believed that when this ship joins the fleet Russia will attack the Bosphorus and the Black sea, while the allied fleets attempt to force the Dardanelles.

Pope Benedict's prayer for peace was read in all the Catholic churches in England and France today.

American Grain Will Not Be Used for German Army

BERLIN, Feb. 7.—The official statement issued today by the government says:

"Our vanguards arrived in the region of the Rzes canal and drove back the British outposts against the canal. Several tanks were captured and the British are now in retreat."

PARIS, Feb. 7.—The following official communication was issued by the war office this evening:

"On the night of February 6-7, the enemy delivered in the region of Nicourt several mortar attacks all of which were repulsed."

"There is nothing to report concerning the operations of February 7, except the bombardment of the district of the south of Bolia."

ROME, Feb. 7.—King Victor Emmanuel received today in private audience the former Socialist leader, Deputy Lucio Fari.

The conference lasted a considerable time, and in the subject of much comment in political circles. It is thought that Signor Fari will be invited to join the cabinet.

ITALIAN KING CONFERS WITH NOTED SOCIALIST LEADER

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SPRINGS MAY HAVE TOPEKA BALL CLUB

Dakota Men After Franchise;
Would Move Team to
Colorado Town

CHICAGO, Feb. 7.—Five days of grace were granted today to residents of Topeka, Kan., to clear off the mortgage on the Topeka baseball club of the Western League. If they fail to do so, President Tim O'Neill told anxious inquirers today, that the club will be sold, in which event it may go to Omaha or St. Paul.

Mr. O'Neill said that the club was owned by Walter S. D., who is reported to be a desire to buy the club and move it to Colorado.

Topeka bankers holding a mortgage for \$14,000 on the club will turn over its management, it was promised today to any Topeka agent who can pay \$10,000. The syndicate committee is working on a 134 game schedule, a measure here today includes Frank Little, Doc Holliday, J. C. McGinnis, Denver, N. Hanson, Sioux City, and A. J. Wright, Wichita, Kan.

CRUISER OLYMPIA GOES AGROUND, BUT IS RE-QUAT

CHARLESTON, S. C., Feb. 7.—The United States cruiser Olympia, Admiral Dewey's flagship at the battle of Manila bay, was grounded today on Matheons shoals near the 34 bar entrance, but was floated at high tide with the assistance of the coast and cutter Yamacraw. No damage was done to the historic ship and she will be towed to New York.

The Olympia, which was taken here for repairs, was a pretty put into dry dock again for this a result of participating in the first sailing of the fleet.

Turks Salute the Italian Flag to Prevent Rupture

ROME, Feb. 7.—It is asserted that the Turkish authorities in Yemen have given complete satisfaction to the Italian government for the invasion of the Italian consulate in Hodeida and the removal of the British consul who had taken refuge there.

The authorities at Hodeida today saluted the Italian flag on the consulate. The British consul, George Alexander Richardson, was present at the ceremony, but left the city immediately afterward on a British auxiliary cruiser. The incident is now closed.

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Retiring From Business Sale
Special for Today
 10 Suit Cases ranging in price from
 \$6.50 to \$10.00,
 going now for **\$5.00**
 See our windows

11 S. Tejon St. **Gorton's** 11 S. Tejon St.
 (Corner 11th & Tejon)

It Is Up to You

We have spared neither time or expense to equip our plant with heat and latest improved machinery for doing the highest grade of laundry work.

We employ none but the most competent help and can guarantee that our work is the best it is possible to produce. Can we serve you?

The Pearl Laundry

The Laundry That Uses Ivory Soap

320-331 N. TEJON ST.
 PHONES M. 1085-1086

We Give Dunlap Pony Coupons

When your eyes depend on glasses you want glasses you can depend upon. The kind I make.

GEO. LOME LINO, Optometrist
 Rooms 1, 3 and 5 Nichols Block
 20 S. Tejon. Over Woolworth's 10c Store

AUSINIANS RESUME ATTACKS ON THE MONTENEGRINS

PARIS, Feb. 7.—Resumption of Austrian attacks on all Montenegrin positions along the banks of the Drina in the mountains near Dorado are reported in a dispatch to the Havas agency from Cetinje. It is stated that the Austrian fire was silenced by the Montenegrin artillery.

Three Austrian aeroplanes flew over Antivari, the dispatch states, dropping many bombs which did considerable damage to buildings but resulted in no deaths, although one person was wounded. The aircraft was driven off by artillery fire and flew in the direction of Cetinje.

BANDITS ROB PASSENGERS THEN MAKE THEIR ESCAPE

WEST PALM BEACH, Fla., Feb. 7.—The Palm Beach limited train of the Florida East Coast railroad, bound from Jacksonville to Miami, was boarded by four masked men at Stuart, Fla., tonight and male passengers on the observation platform were robbed of money and jewelry. The robbers escaped. Four men were later arrested near here as suspects.

LOSING HOPE WOMAN VERY ILL

Finally Restored To Health
 By Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Bellevue, Ohio.—"I was in a terrible state before I took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. My back ached until I thought it would break, I had pains all over me, nervous feelings and periodic troubles. I was very weak and run down and was losing hope of ever being well and strong. After taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound I improved rapidly and today am a well woman. I cannot tell you how happy I feel and I cannot say too much for your Compound. Would not be without it in the house if it cost three times the amount." Mrs. GRAS, CHARTER, R. P. D. No. 7 Bellevue, Ohio.

Woman's Precious Gift.
 The one which she should most zealously guard, is her health, but it is the one most often neglected, until some ailment peculiar to her sex has fastened itself upon her. When so affected such women may rely upon Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, a remedy that has been wonderfully successful in restoring health to suffering women.

If you have the slightest doubt that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound will help you, write to Lydia E. Pinkham, Medicine Co., (Proprietors), Lynn, Mass., for advice. Your letter will be answered, and—
 Sold in strict confidence.

Owners Will Not Permit Sale of Wilhelmina Cargo to the Belgian Commission

LONDON, Feb. 7.—The owners of the cargo of the American steamer Wilhelmina, on the way from New York to Hamburg with food supplies for Germany, have intimated to the Commission for Relief in Belgium that they will not be considered.

The Commission for Relief in Belgium desired to acquire the cargo of the Wilhelmina owing to a shortage in the food supply for the suffering Belgians. A friend of the commission placed at its disposal a sufficient amount of money to buy the cargo, with the object of diverting it to Rotterdam. The offer provided for a fair price.

NEW OUTBREAK LIVESTOCK DISEASE IN KANSAS

EL DORADO, Kan., Feb. 7.—What is believed to be a new outbreak of the foot and mouth disease was discovered today near here. The disease was found among 15 head of cattle recently purchased at the Wichita stock yards. It is feared that the disease may spread to other parts of the state.

OUTWEST
 Printing & Bookbinding

OBREGON DECLINES PEACE PROPOSALS

Says Exiles Should Return to Their Homes and Fight for Country

SAN ANTONIO, Tex., Feb. 7.—Gen. Alvaro Obregon has declined peace overtures offered by the Mexican convention yesterday which asked the warring leaders to consider a plan for the cessation of hostilities. Obregon, who holds Mexico City for the Carranza faction, was the first leader to reply.

The telegraphic message received today by Federico Gamboa, former minister in Mexico's cabinet, who was named chairman of the permanent committee of the convention follows:

Mexico City, February 7.—"Federico Gamboa, San Antonio, Tex. I have received the message which was sent inviting us, in the name of a group of Mexican refugees there, to offer blood for the republic. We do not go down our arms while there yet have not disappeared from our sacred soil the traitors who sell out to the reactionary party to sink our revolutionary principles."

"If each of you, in place of being refugees in a foreign country, would take a rifle and apply it for your country's labor would be more effective and would have, at least, the honor of being called citizens."

How Delegates Are Divided.
 WASHINGTON, Feb. 7.—The Carranza agency today issued a statement giving the list of original delegates to the convention at Aguascalientes who were either dead, in hiding or missing, and those who were supporting the various chiefs. Carranza claims that out of more than 150, only 11 now support Villa; 55 are aligned with Carranza, 16 with Eulalio Gutierrez, 25 with Zapata, 27 are unaccounted for, the affiliations of eight are unknown, four were killed in battle, five assassinated, two are in prison and one—Gen. Jesus Davila Sanchez—is neutral, though his whereabouts are not known.

Enrique Lorente, the Villa representative, explained tonight that the military campaign of General Villa had advanced along the three principal railroads in the central part of Mexico to within a few miles of the border town of Piedras Negras, Nuevo Laredo and Matamoros. In each case the Villa troops are threatening Carranza garrisons, he said. He added that General Angeles had completed control of Monclova, Monterrey, Saltillo and San Luis Potosi and that the advance on Tampico was progressing rapidly. There were no developments in the diplomatic situation.

Carranza Captures Toluca.
 MEXICO CITY, Feb. 7.—Toluca was captured by the Constitutional forces today, according to advices received at headquarters here. The Mexican Telephone company, which is owned by Boston capitalists, has been taken over by the government, owing to a dispute between the management and the employees.

Large crowds surrounded the relief station in the capital today receiving government aid. The troops patrolled the streets throughout the day and maintained order.

Relief Stations Established.
 MEXICO CITY, Feb. 7.—General Obregon announced today that relief stations will be established throughout the city tomorrow at which money and supplies will be distributed among the poor. Nullification of bills issued by General Villa has caused wide distress among the lower classes.

The shortage of water has become serious and General Obregon dispatched artillery this afternoon to reinforce his infantry in an effort to drive Zapata's men out of Xochimilco, the source of the city's water supply.

Carranza's minister of education has announced that 100 teachers will be sent to Boston to study the public school system and that all schools here will be closed until their return.

Cabral at Morelos.
 DOUGLAS, Ariz., Feb. 7.—Gen. Juan Cabral's conventional command of approximately 2,000 men arrived at Colonia Morelos, 65 miles southeast of here, on Friday.

Nothing is known about Cabral's plan of campaign against the Carranza forces, who occupy only the strip of Sonora just south of here.

Cabral was sent to Sonora to take command of the conventional forces in Sonora by Governor Maytorena. Instead, he was held a prisoner by Maytorena at Cananea for two months and escaped only a few days ago.

His army has been weeks in crossing the Sierra Madre mountains from Chihuahua.

Villa at Irapuato.
 EL PASO, Tex., Feb. 7.—General Villa remained today in south central Mexico at Irapuato, a railroad junction between Mexico City and Guadalajara. No reports of fighting were received.

Miguel Diaz Lombardo, named by Villa as his foreign relations secretary when the northern chieftain assumed power of the provisional presidency, arrived today at Chihuahua City. His trip north, it was said, had been for the purpose of getting into better telegraphic communication with Enrique Cuernavaca, the Villa agent at Washington.

General Cuernavaca, who was in Mexico City, said that Roque Gonzalez Garza, the original convention president, had left the capital of his own volition with the Carranza troops and was at present in Cuernavaca. It was denied that Gonzalez Garza had broken friendly relations with Villa or that the northern and southern chiefs had had any serious misunderstanding. Villa's action in assuming the chief executive power had been occasioned, merely, it was said, by the lack of communication with the south.

RELIEF OF POLES IS ALREADY UNDERWAY

America and Germany Join Hands; Rockefeller Aids the Commission

BERLIN, Feb. 7.—The wireless to London today that international central commission have undertaken to furnish relief for the civil population of those parts of Russian Poland occupied by the Germans. The relief plans contemplate extensive collection of funds for the purchase of grain. The cost of admission, the announcement states, will be borne by the Rockefeller foundation.

The American and Spanish ambassadors at Berlin and Vienna are members of the committee.

THE HAGUE, Feb. 7.—(Via London)—America and Germany are joining hands for the relief of war-devastated districts in Poland.

Representatives of the American Red Cross and the Rockefeller foundation have pronounced this work as essential as relief for Belgium, and a German committee organized Saturday has raised 340,000 marks (\$85,000), as a first contribution to the fund for relief of a people officially Germany's enemies.

Herbert C. Hoover, the Californian who is chairman of the American Commission for Relief in Belgium, is conducting negotiations with the German authorities to obtain assurance not only that requisitions of food shall cease in the region of occupation and the region of operations in Belgium, but that financial levies on towns and provinces shall be abandoned. The German government pledges hitherto have extended to the requisitioning of food supplies imported by the commission or such supplies as must be replaced by imports from America.

Woman Poses as Man for 7 Years in Industrial Union

CHICAGO, Feb. 7.—For seven years Ida Weinstein lived as Benjamin Rosenblatt and posed as the husband of Pauline Rosenblatt. Benjamin died and then the secret of the strange union came to light. Benjamin was 28 years old.

It was an industrial marriage, according to the surviving member of the strange partnership. The pair met in a New York restaurant.

Pauline went to Detroit and corresponded with Ida. Finally the pair decided to join forces. Ida went to Detroit and obtained work in a furniture factory as a packer. Pauline kept house. During the next few years they lived in Pittsburgh, Cleveland, Washington, D. C., and Sharon, Pa., finally coming to Chicago.

In Chicago, Ida, or Benjamin, as she was known to her business associates, was a very capable foreman in contracted tuberculosis.

SCHOONERS ARE WRECKED ALONG ATLANTIC COAST

WILMINGTON, N. C., Feb. 7.—The American schooner William B. Yerkes was wrecked today on the banks of Bryn Mawr shoals and will be a total loss. The vessel's crew was rescued. The schooner was bound from Tampa for Baltimore with a phosphate rock cargo.

ST. JOHN'S, N. F., Feb. 7.—The Allan Line steamer Monaghan was seriously damaged by striking a shoal in entering the harbor tonight. Her bow plates were bent and she will dock for extensive repairs.

The Monaghan arrived Wednesday from Philadelphia and left Thursday for Liverpool but became surrounded by ice floes off the coast and was forced to put back.

Dacia at Norfolk for Coal for Long Voyage

NORFOLK, Va., Feb. 7.—The steamer Dacia, transferred recently from German to American registry, and on her way to Rotterdam with a cargo of coal, arrived here today for coal before proceeding across the Atlantic. Great Britain is expected to seize the ship and cargo before the vessel reaches its destination. The Dacia left Galveston last Sunday.

Roofing that must last!
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U. S. AWAITS TEXT OF GERMAN DECREE

May Ask What Steps Will Be Taken to Protect All Passengers on Ships

WASHINGTON, Feb. 7.—Publication today in the press of the text of the German official memorandum on zones of safety produced a profound impression on officials and diplomats in the national capital who are still awaiting the official text.

As the memorandum revealed that German naval commanders had been given orders to "avoid violence" to neutral ships, it was regarded as more reassuring than the brief proclamation, though there was some uneasiness over the suggestion in the memorandum that efforts to torpedo enemy merchant ships might unintentionally strike neutral vessels.

President Wilson and his cabinet have come to no decision as to whether or not there will be any protest from the United States government. It was said some inquiry might be made to determine what steps are planned to take off passengers and crew from enemy merchant ships as well as neutral vessels, the former because of the great number of American citizens accustomed to travel on belligerent passenger steamers to Europe. The declaration on London provides that all persons aboard an enemy ship must be saved before the vessel is destroyed.

JOHNSON WEIGHS 245 REACHES BARBADOS ON WAY TO VERA CRUZ

BARBADOS, B. W. I., Feb. 7.—Jack Johnson, the pugilist, arrived here today from Buenos Aires. He weighs 245 pounds and declares he is in good condition.

Johnson said he would attempt to charter a steamer to take him to Vera Cruz, as no other means is available to take him to Juarez, Mexico, in time for his fight with Jess Willard on March 8. Johnson said he was confident of winning but was anxious because of the possibility of not reaching Juarez as early as he had expected and might ask for a postponement.

AGENT OF PRESIDENT WILSON ON TOUR OF EUROPEAN CAPITALS

WASHINGTON, Feb. 7.—Plans which President Wilson may have looking to the eventual termination of the European war were the subject of much speculation among foreign diplomats today, as a result of the arrival in London of Col. E. M. House, intimate friend of the president, on a tour of the capitals of Europe.

At the White House it was stated that Mr. House was not authorized to carry on any negotiations for peace while in Europe, though the president naturally expects to learn much of interest about the diplomatic situation there when the colonial returns in the spring.

Colonel House bears a letter, saying he is the personal and unofficial representative of President Wilson to the Americans, which is saying much that can be described. They wander aimlessly through the streets where bands of ragged, ragged children beg from everyone in sight. Elsewhere, I was struck with the courage of the Belgians in their efforts to rebuild their homes and resume their normal life.

At one of the villages near Malines I was told of an instance as follows: With 20 or 30 minutes' work was to be done of the German force. The Belgians showed in efforts to rebuild their homes and resume their normal life.

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Children Begging for Food.
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Saving Money

Does not mean much to the foolish, and is a nuisance to the careless, but to the man who thinks of the perils of poverty, economy is the greatest virtue. If you have not yet formed the saving habit open a saving account with THE ASSURANCE, SAVINGS AND LOAN ASSOCIATION, and see the pleasure and profit of having a snug sum at command for any useful purpose.

BELGIANS STARVE IF FOOD SUPPLY CUT OFF

Former Congressman Scott Describes Visit Through Ruined Districts

LONDON, Feb. 7.—The situation remains acute. If the supply of food is diminished, Belgium will starve.

This message was called today by former Congressman Charles F. Scott of Kansas, who is returning from an inspection of relief work in Belgium and France, to former Col. Walter R. Stubbins of Kansas.

While at Malines, Mr. Scott called upon Cardinal Mercier. He was accompanied by Pressing, the printer, who was found for printing the new Catholic pastoral letter at the archbishop's residence. Describing his interview with the prelate, Mr. Scott said:

"Cardinal Mercier lives in a fine old palace. The throne room has a big table in the room, and this with other tables in the walls, to save nothing of broken windows, tells the story of a war which has been going on for years. No German soldiers were seen on guard."

"The cardinal obviously enjoys the dilemma in which he has placed the Germans. The story he told me of the story of his latest adventure, on 16 October, 1914, morning, said the archbishop, a German officer and two soldiers brought a communication from the commander asking him to deny statements that he had been deprived of his personal liberty. The denial which had been prepared consisted of four or five typewritten sheets."

Detained by Invaders.
 "Cardinal Mercier said he requested his release, returning to the country for an answer, but the officer declared this must await only in the cardinal's room. At the archbishop's request, a confirmation of this order was received. Describing his subsequent experiences the cardinal said:

"It is true no manacles were used to restrain me, but I was to have performed a service at Antwerp and was not permitted to go there. For three days, I was restricted in my palace. Two days later I was asked to modify my letter, and wrote another. If the Germans are clever they will publish my first instead."

"The archbishop's position as he made the final statement. Asked if he had any message for Americans, he said:

"Nothing except to give the people of your great country assurances of our gratitude. We would have starved had it not been for you. The work of your relief commission has been very efficient."

"So far as I could see, Cardinal Mercier was from time to time and as he pleased to submit. I presume to the final resignation imposed upon Belgium."

"Mr. House was at work during the walls of the cathedral and during down the steps, which must be removed. At the cathedral, however, it now appears that the beautiful building will be saved. The damage to it is estimated at \$500,000."

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Russian Statement

PETERSBURG, Feb. 7.—The first bulletin of the battle developing in the extreme north of East Prussia is attracting the attention of the Russian general staff, which thereby indicates that the Germans have withdrawn troops from the Baltic region and moved them in the vicinity of Osterburg, between Gumbinnen and Tilsit.

In spite of the activity of the German army, staff officials still attach the greatest importance to the movement in the Carpathians, where the Russian armies are opposing the Austro-Germans, who are the cruelest of our enemies. The line which forms the arc of a circle in the vicinity of Mese-Labava, 200 miles southwest of Przemyel. Further eastward, there appears to be another separate army about 80 miles south of Bismarck on the Wlozkiw-Nadworna line (Austria-Hungary). The purpose of the latter force appears to be an effort to pierce the west coast of Lemberg and menace the forces about Warsaw in the rear.

PETERSBURG, Feb. 7.—The following announcement of the progress of the campaign was issued tonight:

"Notwithstanding the bending back of our troops in the Carpathians, on the south and in following the fifth line in which we are engaged is following a course favorable to us. On February 4, we took about 4,000 prisoners. On that front, it was reported that several divisions of Austrians were engaged who up to that time had been fighting against the Serbs."

One of our army corps which had assumed the offensive in the direction of Mezhdubrodz (captured between Jan. 21 and Feb. 5), 15 miles from the mountain line, two mountain troops for torpedoes, 22 machine guns, 20 aeroplanes, 100 telephones, in addition to taking two commandants of regiments, more than 10 officers and more than 1,000 soldiers, among whom were many Hungarians."

French Statement
 PARIS, Feb. 7.—The war office gave out the following statement this afternoon regarding the progress of the war:

"In Belgium the day of February 6 was quiet. Between the canal and the front from Belgium to La Bassée a complete halt of the enemy. A line was held where the enemy had maintained a position taken by the French."

"In the sector of Arras, the German batteries have bombarded the front captured by us on February 4, but there has been no infantry attack."

"From Arras to Reims, there have been no serious fighting in which we had the advantage."

"On the front we have repulsed an attack by

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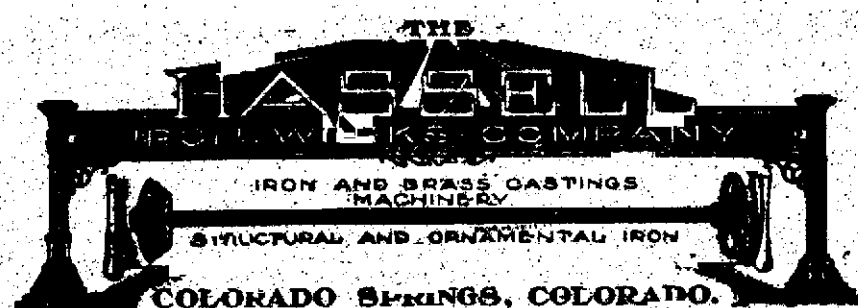
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